Pro Se 15 (Rev. 12/16) Complaint for Violation of Civil Rights (Non-Prisoner)

CLEAR US DISTRICT COURT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

2017 AUG -7 PM 3: 40

for the

Northern District of Texas

DEPUTY CLEAK

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<u>Dallas</u> Division

Davie Harrison, Sr.)	Case No. 3 17 - CV2082 - D
Plaintiff(s) (Write the full name of each plaintiff who is filing this complaint. If the names of all the plaintiffs cannot fit in the space above, please write "see attached" in the space and attach an additional page with the full list of names.)	Jury Trial: (check one) X Yes No
-v-	
Baylor University Medical Center At Dallas) Baylor Scott & White, Dr. Sarah Anne Chang, Dr. Joshua Alexis Lemmon, Dr. Paul Edward Gray Jr., Sean Danial Arredondo, Paul Danial) Edward, Jon Wendelendars is, MD. (Write the full name of each defendant who is being sued. If the names of all the defendants cannot fit in the space above, please write "see attached" in the space and attach an additional page with the full list of names. Do not include addresses here.)	

COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS

(Non-Prisoner Complaint)

NOTICE

Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 5.2 addresses the privacy and security concerns resulting from public access to electronic court files. Under this rule, papers filed with the court should *not* contain: an individual's full social security number or full birth date; the full name of a person known to be a minor; or a complete financial account number. A filing may include *only*: the last four digits of a social security number; the year of an individual's birth; a minor's initials; and the last four digits of a financial account number.

Except as noted in this form, plaintiff need not send exhibits, affidavits, grievance or witness statements, or any other materials to the Clerk's Office with this complaint.

In order for your complaint to be filed, it must be accompanied by the filing fee or an application to proceed in forma pauperis.

I. The Parties to This Complaint

A. The Plaintiff(s)

Provide the information below for each plaintiff named in the complaint. Attach additional pages if needed.

Name	Davie Harrison, Sr.				
Address	P.O.Box 821061				
	North Richland Hills	Texas	76182		
	City	State	Zip Code		
County	Tarrant				
Telephone Number E-Mail Address	(817)489–4836				

B. The Defendant(s)

Provide the information below for each defendant named in the complaint, whether the defendant is an individual, a government agency, an organization, or a corporation. For an individual defendant, include the person's job or title (if known) and check whether you are bringing this complaint against them in their individual capacity or official capacity, or both. Attach additional pages if needed.

Defendant No. 1				
Name	Baylor	University Medical	Center(At I	Dallas
Job or Title (if known)				
Address		3500 Gaston Ave.	·	
		Dallas	Texas	75246
County		City Dallas	State	Zip Code
Telephone Number		214.820.0111		
E-Mail Address (if know	m)			
		Individual capacity	X Official cap	pacity
Defendant No. 2			•	
Name		Sarah Anne Chang .		
Job or Title (if known)		Attending Physicia	n	
Address		2800 State HWY 114	4	
		Trophy Club City	Texas State	76262 Zip Code
County		Denton		
Telephone Number E-Mail Address <i>(if know</i>	m)	(817) 912-8800		
		X Individual capacity	X Official cap	pacity

П.

	Defendant No. 3				
	Name	Dr.Joshua Alexis Lemmon			
	Job or Title (if known)	Plastic Surgeons			
	Address	3201 East George Bush Freeway Ste 101			
		Richardson Texas 75082 City State Zip Code			
	County	Dallas			
	Telephone Number E-Mail Address (if known)	(972) 470–5000			
		X Individual capacity X Official capacity			
	Defendant No. 4	,			
	Name	Sean Danial Arredondo			
	Job or Title (if known)	Physician in Training Permit			
	Address	101 North Brookside Dr. Apt.1416			
		Dallas Texas 75214			
	County	City State Zip Code			
	Telephone Number	Dallas			
	E-Mail Address (if known)				
		X Individual capacity X Official capacity			
Basis f	or Jurisdiction				
immun Federa	ities secured by the Constitution and [or local officials for the "deprivation of any rights, privileges [federal laws]." Under <i>Bivens v. Six Unknown Named Agent</i> [1971], you may sue federal officials for the violation of certains.	ts of		
A.	Are you bringing suit against (check a	ill that apply):			
	Federal officials (a Bivens claim	n)			
	X State or local officials (a § 1983	claim)			
В.	the Constitution and [federal laws]."	the "deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities section 42 U.S.C. § 1983. If you are suing under section 1983, wheth(s) do you claim is/are being violated by state or local office.	nat		
	The Eighth Amendment, and t	he 14 Amendment			
C.		ally recover for the violation of certain constitutional rights. Intuitional right(s) do you claim is/are being violated by federal			

The parties to This Complaintiff(s)

The Defendant(s)

Defendant No.5

Name

Paul Edward Gray Jr.

Job or Title

Physician

Address

Texas HealthCare, PLLC 1325 Pennsylvania Ave. Ste 720

Dallas

TEXAS

76104

City

State

Zip Code

[X]Individual

[X]Official capacity

Defendant No.6

Name

Jon Wendell Harris

Job or Title

Physician

Address

11140 Joymeadow Dr.

Dallas

Texas

76104

City

State

Zip Code

[X] Individual

[X]Official capacity

Defendant No.7

Name

Dr.Michael Lynn Foreman

Job or Title

Medical Doctor

Addres

2710 Swiss Ave

Dallas

Texas

Zip code 75204

[X]Individual

[X]Official capacity

Defendant No.8

Name

Dr.Ronald Hardin

Job or Title

Medical Doctor/Surgeon

Address

2710 Swiss Ave.

75204

City

Dallas

State

Texas

Zip Code

[X]Individual

[X]Official capacity

CONT. PARTIES TO THIS COMPLAINT 8/5/17 Re: Davie Harrison, Plaintiff prose

LET THE RECORD REFLECT, THAT THE DEFENDANT(S) IN THIS COMPLAINT CAN BE SERVED TO THEIR REGISTER AGENT: CT CORPORATION SYSTEM, 1999 BRYANT ST., STE. 900, DALLAS COUNTY, DALLAS, TEXAS 75201-3136, ALSO TO MICHELE SHEETS, SYSTEM DIRECTOR/ASSISTANT GENERAL COUNSEL BAYLOR SCOTT & WHITE HEALTH 4005 CRUTCHER STREET, SUITE 300 214.818.0217 DIRECT DIAL, Michele Sheets@BSWHealth.org Baylor ScottsndWhite.com

D. Section 1983 allows defendants to be found liable only when they have acted "under color of any statute, ordinance, regulation, custom, or usage, of any State or Territory or the District of Columbia."
 42 U.S.C. § 1983. If you are suing under section 1983, explain how each defendant acted under color of state or local law. If you are suing under *Bivens*, explain how each defendant acted under color of federal law. Attach additional pages if needed.

The defendants in this case employment such as hospitals that is ran under the umbrellas of the State and these defendants employment relationship with the State such the physician authorized by the State to provide medical care to a residence exercise power that is traditionally the exclusive prerogative

of the State. In this case the hospital and physician abuse this power by III. Statemed emphasizating deliberate indifference to plaintiff serious medical needs.

State as briefly as possible the facts of your case. Describe how each defendant was personally involved in the alleged wrongful action, along with the dates and locations of all relevant events. You may wish to include further details such as the names of other persons involved in the events giving rise to your claims. Do not cite any cases or statutes. If more than one claim is asserted, number each claim and write a short and plain statement of each claim in a separate paragraph. Attach additional pages if needed.

A. Where did the events giving rise to your claim(s) occur?

Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas/BailyScott&White

- B. What date and approximate time did the events giving rise to your claim(s) occur?
 On or about 06/26/15 thru 08/10/15
- C. What are the facts underlying your claim(s)? (For example: What happened to you? Who did what? Was anyone else involved? Who else saw what happened?)

Plaintiff was rush to this hospital on 06/11/2015from having a lethal amount of potassium in his blood, Acute renal failure, and respiratory Distress. Plaintiff underwent tracheostomy placement on 06/26/15 by the General Surgery service this done because of plaitiff's body habitus. Defendants Dr Chang, Dr Sean Arredondo at the time was a physician in training permit:BP 10046912 issue 7/1/13 ended 6/23/14 Terminated 6/30/14, meaning this defendant had no license to practice medicine, therby plaintiff was assaulted by this defendant. Defendant Dr. Michael Foreman, Ronald Hardin place this trach knowing this procedure was not needed. Plaintiff family knew what happen. See in the exhibit section "operative Note: there are two notes dated the same but the information of the risk factors had been change. There was no understanding by plaintiff family. Plaintiff suffers from worsening respiratory failiure, and laboring in putting this complaint together, so there might be some spelling error.

IV. Injuries

If you sustained injuries related to the events alleged above, describe your injuries and state what medical treatment, if any, you required and did or did not receive.

The treatment that plaintiff did received concerning the Tracheostomy procedure cause physical harm and shorten plaintiff's life expectancy, having to use oxygen full time. This treatment was done to save plaintiff's life.

The hand injury was caused by the restraints the defendants had placed on the plaintiff. Defendant Dr. Lemmons is a hand doctor and should have fix plaintiff's hand when he was this medical center. Instead he lied and conspire with the hospital staff claiming it was gout. See Attach Exhibits.

When plaintiff was found slump on the said of the bed with the trach had following out his mouth was a clear act of deliberate indifference to plaintiff's serious medical needs. When a nurse call plaintiff's family about this incident. The nurse stated: I don't know what kind of harm this had cause to plaintiff.

V. Relief

State briefly what you want the court to do for you. Make no legal arguments. Do not cite any cases or statutes. If requesting money damages, include the amounts of any actual damages and/or punitive damages claimed for the acts alleged. Explain the basis for these claims.

Plaintiff contend, that the defendant's conspire to harm the plaintiff, and falsify the medical records to attempt justify the "Trach Procedure." By the plaintiff health is deteriorating from the harm cause by the hands of these defendants, and the plaintiff can't sing from his vocal cords being damage, plaintiffs hand injury that effected him playing his music instrument, and causeing plaintiff disability to become worst were he can't push his wheelchair.

Plaintiff seeks award of compensatory damages in the amount of \$2.5 U.S. Dollars, and punitive deem equible by a judge or jury, which includes lost wages, and with open medical.

VI. Certification and Closing

Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11, by signing below, I certify to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief that this complaint: (1) is not being presented for an improper purpose, such as to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation; (2) is supported by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument for extending, modifying, or reversing existing law; (3) the factual contentions have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, will likely have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery; and (4) the complaint otherwise complies with the requirements of Rule 11.

A. For Parties Without an Attorney

I agree to provide the Clerk's Office with any changes to my address where case-related papers may be served. I understand that my failure to keep a current address on file with the Clerk's Office may result in the dismissal of my case.

	Date of signing: 08/05/2	2017		
	Signature of Plaintiff Printed Name of Plaintiff	Davie Harrison Sr.	, <u>J.B.</u>	
В.	For Attorneys			
	Date of signing:	·		
	Signature of Attorney			
	Printed Name of Attorney			
	Bar Number			
	Name of Law Firm			
	Address			
		City	State	Zip Code
	Telephone Number	(817) 489-4836		
	E-mail Address			

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Por the Northern District of Texas Dallas Division

DAVIE HARRISON

Plaintiff,

-V-

BAYLOR UNIVERSITY MEDICAL

CENTER (AT DALLAS); CHANG SARAH

ANNE(MD); SEAN ARREDONDO, (MD);

JON HARRIS, (MD); GRAY JR.

PAUL EDWARD, (MD); LEMMON JOSHUA

ALEXIS (MD) & UNNAMED, KNOWN &

UNKNOWN: AND CONTRACTED AFFLIA
TE(S); PERSONS, PERSON, ENTITY OR

ENTITIES, COMPANIES, CORPORATIONS.

Defendants.

Case No.

COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF
CIVIL RIGHTS PURSAUNT TO
42 U.S.C. § 1983, AND 42 U.S.C.
§ 12101, ENACTING THE AMERICANS
WITH DISABILITIES ACT Of (1990),
and § 504 OF THE REHABILITATION
ACT OF 1973 PUB.L.NO.93-112,87
STAT 394(Sept 26,1973)CODIFIED
AT U.S.C. § 701 et seq.PLAINTIFF
INVOKE UNDER TEXAS STATE LAW, TEXAS
HEALTH & SAFETY CODE, and CIVIL
PRACTICE & REMDIES CODE CAHPTER 74.

" JURY DEMAND"

COMPLAINT

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COMES NOW unto the Court, Davie Harrison, plaintiff, appearing through pro se representation and respectfully shows unto the Court the following.

JURISDICTION

- 1. The Court has jurisdiction over the palintiff's claims of violation of federal constitutional rights under 42 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343, which includes, The Americans with Disabilities Act of (1990), and 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Pub.L.No.93-112,87 Stat 394(Sept.26,1973) Codified at 29 U.S.C. § 701 et seq.
- 2. The Court has supplemental jurisdiction over plaintiff's state law tort claims under 28 U.S.C § 1367,§ 166 Texas Health & Safety Code, and Civil Practice and Remdies Code Chapter 74.

3. This Court has jurisdiction pursaunt to 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq.

PARTIES

- 4. The Plaintiff, Davie Harrison was a patient at Baylor University Medical Center(at Dallas), during the events described in this complaint.
- 5. Baylor University Medical Center is sued as a corporation, and Defendants Chang Sarah Anne(MD), Sean Arredondo, (MD), Jon Harris, (MD).

 They are sued in their individual capacities.
- 6. Gray Jr.(MD), Paul Edward, (MD), Lemmon Joshua Alexis, (MD). They are sued in their individual capacities, and Foreman, Michael Lynn(MD).
- 7. These defendants furthermore or sued in their individual and ties official capacities.
- 8. All the defendants have acted, and continue to act, under Color of State Law at all times relevant to this complaint.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 9. On 06/11/2015, plaintiff was a patient at said Baylor University Medical Center suffering from Acute illness. On or about 06/21/15, defendant(s) Dr Michael, along with attending physician Chang, Sarah Anne wanted to do a "Tracheostomy" to plaintiff. These defendant(s) requested permission from plaintiff(s) family member whom was not plaintiff "Agent" nor had authority to make health care decisions that was delegated under a medical power of attorney pursuant to § 166.151(2) of the Texas Health & Safety Code.
- 10. The surgical procedure(s) was/were performed on 06/26/15. It is important to note, that plaintiff(s) family member was reluctant

about this surgery, and asked the medical staff would this cause plaintiff not to be able to sing, talk properly or have any other throat/pharnyx problems(including having to use a voice box, due to plaintiff's family member concern, and plaintiff's life long profession of being a musician, singer & performer all over the country mainly in the gospel arena since being a teenager.

- 11. It is very important to note, that the hospital staff which includes the defendant(s) did not explain the serious consequences of a tracheostomy procedure. Plaintiff family member was told that there would be no problems, that throat would heal. The defendants wanted this procedure done for their convenience, were plaintiff was breathing on his own with some support.
- 12. This procedure has "Ruined" plaintiff's speaking; anxiety and pain including difficulty in communications verbally with others. The Major Complications after intubation, plaintiff suffers from sore throat, layngeal oedema, chronic hoarseness, nerve injury, vocal cord paralysis and aspiration. In the medical records of the plaintiff at said Baylor University Medical Center the risk factors includes damages to the esophagus, heart attack, stroke, worsening respiratory failure. Since plaintiff discharges from this hospital, he has been hospitalize 6 or 7 times for pneumonia, worsening respiratory complications requiring continuous oxygen.
- 13. It is to be noted, the "Tracheostomy" Procedure was not a Life-Sustaining Treatment. However plaintiff's life expectancy have been a shortened lifespan by the hands of these defendant(s).

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 CAUSE OF ACTION (1)
- 14. The conduct alleged above by the defendant(s) was clearly deliberate indifference to plaintiff(s) serious medical needs, while acting under color of law, and the challenged conduct deprived the plaintiff of a federal right against cruel and unusual punishment.
- 15. Plaintiff has shown/proven that the defendant(s) unconstitutional action was the "Cause in Fact"of the plaintiff injury.
- 16. While plaintiff was a patient at this medical facility, he waswas under "Consistent Heavy Sedation, from 06/11/15 until mid July 2015. After plaintiff came from under sedation he had been moved from intensive care to room 833 were he was experiencing "Unbearable Pain" in his hands which he continued to signal and report to attending nurses, aides and family members. Plaintiff had on some type of hospital mittens (that were too tight snd small even for a female member(s) hand as a "much smaller individual).
- 17.It is to be noted, that plaintiff had restraints used in intensive care. After plaintiff had been moved from intensive care, and sadation he notice he had on mittens that were too small, and plaintiff's hand's were curved into them"Very" tightly. After plaintiff continue to request pain medications, and Therapeutic assistance for his hand problem without success. An X-Ray was performed on 07/31/15.
- 18. The plaintiff's medical records revealed, that "[NO]" Systemic Arthritis was seen. The report from radiologist, Smerud, Micheal John, (MD), States: Both right and left Wrist Joints show slight widening between the Navicular and the Lunate.

- 19. This can be associated with Ligamentous Laxity or Injury. The said Doctor's Impression: Findings suggestive of Scapholunate Dissociation Bilaterally, or Ligamentous Injury of the Wrist.
- 20. On 08/09/15, Plaintiff consulted with defendant Lemmon, Joshua Alexis MD, This Doctor/Defendant tried to turn the hand pain (with Family Present) as due to a (chronic Gout Attack). This defendant gave false information, stating that over the ensuing few days, the hand pain relented which it absolutely did and has not. Plaintiff was playing his keyboard a day or two before being a patient at this hospital, and never had any problems with his hands.
- 21. See Medical record Exhibit-B. Defendant Dr.Lemmon stated in his notes, that he was consulted to assess and to comment on whether this may represent and (Acute Injury). Defendant report also stated: (Temporarily), this was thought to have started following a period of time when the "[P]atient]"/Plaintiff had Bilateral Upper Extremity Restraints.
- 22. It's apparent that plaintiff's injuries to his hands were from the restraints he was placed in by the hospital staff(including the very small tight mittens). It very important to note, that during this time plaintiff was feed off a feeding tube that was in his stomach, and was not eating food that would cause a Gout Attack.
- 23. Plaintiff spent most of his two months stay at this hospital in intensive care, sedated and only on life-sustaining nutrition fluid, was not condusive to such inaccurate and/or incompetent findings or excuses. The hospital is liable for the injury plaintiff sustained when he was placed in restraints. Let the record reflect,

- 24. When the plaintiff requested for a second opinion regarding his hand pain and apparent injury, the medical staff became very angry(as overly witnessed by family), the hospital had plaintiff "[P]"rematurely Discharged from the hospital the following day, which was 08/10/15.
- 25. Plaintiff was sent to Downtown Health & Rehab in Fort Worth, Texas. Plaintiff was assigned to this facility Occupational Therapist whom tried to work with plaintiff's hands. The pain was difficult to bear and continuous.Let the record reflect: What makes this such a bad situation, the injury to plaintiff's hands enhance the plaintiff disability for the fact plaintiff was/is a (1) legged amputee, and with the hand injuries, plaintiff cannot push his wheel-chair, after trying several weeks of painful therapy. A power wheel-chair was approved and the cost for the chair was \$23,000.
- 26. What's sad about this case. The defendant's could have fix this problem while plaintiff was their patient. The next problem due to plaintiff's medical condition as of now, he may not get the surgery he needs to fix his hand, were there is a tear that only be fix by surgery only. The medical condition plaintiff has is the deliberate indifference that these defendants cause the plaintiff to suffer, It is to be noted that defendants Chang, Sarah Anne, Sean Arredondo, Jon Harris Gray, and Paul Edward, MD's were assistance with the Tracheostomy surgery.

- 27. On or about 07/17/15,approx.2:30pm,Plaintiff's family member was called at her home from a nurse Shelby were plaintiff had been discharge from intensive care to a private room were this said nurse told plaintiff's family,that she found plaintiff slump over the side of the bed, and plaintiff Trach had falling out of his mouth, and was rush back to ICU from treatment and care.
- 28. Plaintiff don't know what injury or injuries may have occurred from this incident, but it reveal that there is a reasonable deduction that plaintiff was prematurely discharge from intensive care, and this reveals a great risk of physical harm, were the defendants knew of this risk to have plaintiff moved from ICU to quickly.
- 29. Plaintiff has made a second cause of action of deliberate indifference against the defendants in this case.Plaintiff's constitutional rights under the Eighth Amendment of the United States. Medical records from the defendant's unconstitutional action was the "[C]"ause' in Fact" of the plaintiff's injury. The complaint States a Claim under the Eighth Amendment.

PLAINTIFF STATES A CAUSE OF ACTION UNDER SECTION § 1983

30. Plaintiff contends: he has stated a cause of action under section § 1983. Plaintiff alleged two(2) elements: (1) challenged conduct by a person acting under color of law,and(2) challenged conduct that deprived the plaintiff of a Federal Right. For plaintiff to furthermore prevail under Section § 1983, plaintiff has proven that the defendants' unconstitutional action(s) were the "Cause in Fact" of the plaintiff's injury. Plaintiff ask of this Honorable Court for a jury trial if the defendants do not want to settle, and plaintiff

seeks Compensatory Damages for pain & suffering. See Relief.

"SUPPLEMENTAL JURISDICTION PURSUANT TO 28 U.S.C. § 1367

- 31. Plaintiff contend both the "state and federal claims in this case derive from a common nucleus of operative facts"so that plaintiff would, ordinarily be expected to try them all in one judicial proceeding. When the entire action before the federal court comprises a single constitutional "case"the court may, under Article III, exercise jurisdiction over the action including the state-law claims.
- 32. Liability In Tort Chapter 74.001. As argue in the federal section of this § 1983, the defendant'should be personally liable to the plaintiff according to Texas law; and (2) The personal injury was caused by a condition or use of tangible personal or real property if the governmental unit would, were if a private person, be liable to the plaintiff according to Texas law.
- 33. The medical records to this case, are tangible were they were use fradulently that cause harm to plaintiff's future health, and life span. The defendant's are in violation of the Texas Health & Safety Code § 166.160(b) the defendant's failure to exercise due care in the provision of Health Care Services.
- 34. Plaintiff assert (s) that his family member that the defendant call to get authorization to give the Tracheostomy surgery was not qualified to give permission for this said surgery, was not a person or agent delegated under a medical power of attorney. § 166.151.(2)

35. Plaintiff contends the physicians name ass defendant's in this case or subject to civil or criminal liability, or disciplinary action were their acts or omission performed was not done in good faith under the direction of an agent who had a medical power of attorney, and knowing that the surgery they performed has lethal side effects that will cause death, and never gave plaintiff family member notice of these dangerous effects. It is very important to note that the physicians/defendant's fail to place in plaintiff's medical records, that he was incompetent that's required by Texas law. The trach or the hand injury was not preexisting injury.

AMERICAN WITH DISBILITIES ACT(ADA) CLAIM

- 36. Plaintiff sues the defefant's pursuant to the American with Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-213(2006).Plaitiff makes this claim under the ADA were he has a physical impairment that substantially limits him of several of the major life activities. In this case he was discriminated thru health services.
- 37. The purpose of this chapter(1)to provide a clear and comprehensive national mandate for the elination of discrimination against individuals with disabilities;(2)to provide clear, strong consistent, enforceable standards addressing discrimination against individuals with disabilities;(3)to ensure that the Federal Government plays a central role in enforcing the standards established in this chapter on behalf of individuals with disabilities, and (4)to invoke the sweep of congressional authority, including the power to enforce the fourteenth amendment and to regulate commerce, in order to address the major areas of discromination faced day to day by people with disabilities. This law applies

to this case, which includes the fourteenth amendment.

- 38. Plaintiff invoke the ADA and Section 504, contain their own definitions of discrimination. As alleged in the lawsuit, the defendant's prematurely discharge plaintiff with only 30min notice and there is a reasonable deduction that race played a major role in this. The defendant's failure to treat plaintiff's hands are make reasonable accommodations to the needs of plaintiff a disabled person. In a sense, there are three theories of discrimination under the ADA and Section 504:(1)intentional discrimination (2)discriminatory impact, and (3) a refusal to make a reasonable modification oraccommodation discrimination.
- 39. Section 504 Safety Net. To the extent that Title II is cirum-scribedly by Sovereign immunity in future cases, Section 504 will pick up the slack Section 504 rests on the Spending Clause. The hospital accepting federal money has an agreed-upon quid pro quo obligation to implement disability law requirements that are virtually the same as those required by the ADA. Section 504 of the Rebabilitation Act of 1973, Pub.L.No. 93-112,87 Stat.394(Sept. 26,1973) codified at 29 U.S.C. § 701et seq., is American legistation that guarantees certain rights to disabled people.

THE ELEVENTH AMENDMENT AND SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY

40. The Eleventh Amendment does not forbid suing state officials for damages in their individual capacitities, and for declaratory or injunctive relief in their official capacitities. Local governments even in damages suits. Plaintiff furthermore contends that

the defendants in this case was not, and is not acting as an "arm of the state" and do not have sovereign immunity from lawsuits authorized by federal law. See Northern Ins.Co.of New York v. Chatham County, Georgia, 547 U.S. 189, 194, 126. S. Ct. 1689 (2006).

41. Thereby, plaintiff makes clear that he is suing the defendants in this case for compensatory and punitive damages from them being state officials, so they are being sued in their individual and personal capacities. Plaintiff furthermore sued the defedants in their official capacity for injunctive relief.

ARGUMENT

- 42. The United States Supreme Court has ruled that "deliberate indifference to serious medical needs" is cruel and unusual punishment; See: Estelle v.Gamble, 429 U.S. 97, 104(1976). This suit alleges facts that state a constitutional claim under this standard.
- 43. Plaintiff relies on the court ruling in Gomez v.Toledo,446 US 635 638(1980). In Gomez the United States Supreme Court determined that only two elements must be pled to properly assert a cause of action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. First the plaintiff must specifically identify the constitutional right of which he was deprived. Plaintiff must assert that the person who deprived him of that Federal right, acted under Color of Law.
- 44. Plaintiff has proven with facts, and medical records with other relevant documentation in the record, that the defendant's unconstitutional actions were the "cause in fact" of the plaintiff's

injuries that continue to cause "great" adversity on a daily basis and serious future health concern. See attached exhibits.

- 45. Based on the holding of the Supreme Court that the "wanton and unnecessary infliction of pain"constitutes cruel and unusual punishment. The defendants'acted with"deliberate indifference"to Plaintiff's serious medical needs, and physical safety in accordance to well established Federal law.
- 46. In establishing "Deliberate Indifference" (1) that there existed a "great degree of medical and physical harm; (2) that the defendants knew of these risks (3) the defendants 'took no or wholly inadequate action where there is a reasonable deduction that these acts or omissions were done intentionally, knowingly, and arbitraily in the face of actual and factual knowledge of risks to plaintiff, and (4) that the defendant's actions and/or omissions were more than inadvertence, lack of due care, negligence or human error. These actions reflect reckless behavior, callous neglect and/or thoughtless disregard equivalent to a flagrant and/or remarkably bad failure to protect.
- 47. It is obduracy and wantonness, not just inadvertence or error in good faith that characterizes this prohibited conduct.
- 48. The prohibition against torture is firmly embedded in customary international law, international treaties signed by the United States, and in U.S.law. As the U.S. Department of State has noted, the "United States has long been a vigorous supporter of the international fight against torture... Every unit of government at every level within the United States is committed, by law as well as

By policy, to the protection of the individual's life, liberty and physical integrity, "[U.S.Department of State], "Initial Report of the United States of America to the UN Committee Against Torture."

."Oct 15,1999(Nov.15,2001)]. It is to be noted that plaintiff has continue to suffer from mental anguish, distress, anxiety, fright, depression, grief, and Psychological torture by the hands of the defendant(s), whom had no right by the United States Constitution to place this type harm and injury to plaintiff.

- 49. It is to be noted that plaintiff mail the defendant(s) a demand/
 intent to sue letter dated: July 12,2017. On July 26,2017, plaintiff
 received a respone from the defendants regarding plaintiff demand
 letter. The defendant's ask opportunity to fully review and evaluate
 the claim, and that plaintiff contact them before he take any further
 formal action on this matter. Plaintiff did give notice that his claim
 had to be file before the statute of limitation runs out which is
 August 10,2017. The defendant(s) response seemato except liability.
- 50. As shown in the medical records concerning the Operative Summary States: The risk, benefits, alternatives, potential complications, and the procedures themselves were "[Explained to the Family]."
- 51. What family member or the defendant's reference? Did these family members have medical power attorney over plaintiff? How much of the HIPAA laws have been violated? The answer to this question there was "no" power of attorney. [Restated]; There is no doubt that the defendant(s) was acting under color of law, and in violation of this said law pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Code § 242. Plaintiff seeks criminal charges under this statute.

RELIEF REQUESTED

- 52. Plaintiff seeks relief from Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas/Baylor Scott & White, and physician(s) that are all defendant(s) in this case. Plaintiff seeks award of compensatory, and punitive damages, and loss wages in the amount of \$2.5 Million U.S.Dollars, with open medical, also criminal charges of conspiracy, assault, and falsifying government records.
- 53. That the Honorable Court/Jury grant such relief as it may appear that plaintiff is entitled in equity and law.

Respectfully Submitted,

DAVIE HÄRRISON SR.

P.O.Box 821061

North Richland Hills, TX.76182

Email: peaceful 660 live. com

Phone: (817) 489-4836

EXHIBIT(S)

EXHIBIT -B

THIS MEDICAL DOCUMENT SHOWS DEFENDANT'S DOCTOR LEMMON STATEMENT ABOUT PLAINTIFF'S HAND INJURY.

Case 3.17-cv	<u>V-UZU8Z-D</u>	-BF D(ocument 3	Filed 08/07/17	Page 25 01 5	<u> 13 Pa</u>	<u>.ueiD_2</u>	9
L RaylorScott&Wyhite Brief Consult Note						Visit Type Inpatient		
Patient Name		MRN # / Visi	it#	DOB	A	\ge		Sex
HARRISON, DAVIE		10263965/	/61630500	11/16/195	3 6	51y		M
Discharge Location Admit Date/Time		Discharge Date/Ti	ime Authored Da	ite/Time A	ttending P	hysician		
BUMC-8R-0826-A	06/11/2015 09	/11/2015 09:38		:25 08/09/201	5 16:40 C	HANG, SA	ARAH ANN	E

LEMMON, JOSHUA ALEXIS: Plastic Surgery

Reason for Consult

→ bilateral wrist

A

Impression/Plan

1. Hand pain

Patient seen and examined. Chart, history, and films reviewed. Briefly, this is a patient with multiple medical problems (including chronic gout) who during this admission suffered sudden onset bilateral wrist pain (right somewhat worse than left). Temporally, this was thought to have started following a period of time when the patient had bilateral upper extremity restraints. The patient reports severe pain at least 8-10/10 and pain with even the slightest touch or motion. Over the ensuing few days, the pain relented. Xrays were obtained and these demonstrated bilateral widened scapholunate intervals. I was consulted to assess and to comment on whether this may represent an acute injury.

Briefly, the history and symptomatology (along with the persistently elevated uric acid level) suggest a gouty attack. Chronic gout is known to be associated with scapholunate dissociation.

I've recommended bilateral wrist splints as needed for symptom improvement. No need for other treatment at this time.

Electronic Signatures:

LEMMON, JOSHUA ALEXIS (MD) (Signed 08-09-2015 16:49)

Author: Brief Consult Note

Last Updated: 08-09-2015 16:49 by LEMMON, JOSHUA ALEXIS (MD)

04/13/2017 08:15 System Generated Page 1 of 1 System Generated

Visit 61630500	Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas
MRN 10263965	Brief Consult Note SC60199
MINIA 10502202	Brief Consult Note 300133

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PATIENT NAME: ACCESSION:

COMPLETED:

HARRISON, DAVIE

4679507

ORDERING PROVIDER: AGURA, ASHLEY ANNE

07-31-2015 02:06 PM

DOB/AGE: 11-16-1953/61y

SEX:M

MRN:10263965

ACCOUNT#:61630500

id): :::PANID: :Nein-:::Syc.::Bif ::::P(OR:1f ((F:TENYATE))

Three views of the left hand show no fracture or dislocation. joint spaces are well maintained. Mineralization is normal. erosions are identified.

(Hand Issue)

Three views of the right hand also appear normal. No fracture is seen. Joint spaces are well maintained. Mineralization is unremarkable. No systemic arthritis is seen.

No hand arthritis as said by a doctor,

Both right and left wrist joints show slight widening between the navicular and the lunate. This can be associated with ligamentous laxity or injury.

Impression: Findings suggestive of scapholunate dissociation bilaterally.

Interpreted by: Smerud, Michael John MD, Radiologist

Responsible Radiologist: Smerud, Michael John, MD, Radiologist

Edited By: 325 Interface

Electronically Signed By: Smerud, Michael J. MD, Radiologist

Date/Time: 07/31/2015 02:13 PM

Nearing fast discharge after consistent Severe hand pain, multiple requests for appropriate Therapy or surgery - quickly discharged 8/10/15.

HARRISON, DAVIE

Enterprise Patient ID:1005622542 MRN: 10263965/Account#: 61630500 DX HAND MIN 3V BI PORT (FINAL) Radiology Report

PRINTED: 04/13/2017 08:16 AM

Page: 1 of 1

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EXHIBIT-C

THESE ARE THE TWO OPERATIVE SUMMARY THAT REVEALS THE SERIOUS COMPLICATIONS OF A TRACH PROCEDURE, AND WERE THE DEFENDANT(S) CLAIM THEY EXPLAIN THE RISK TO PLAINTIFF"S FAMILY.

Case 3:17-cv-02082-D-BF Document 3 Filed 08/07/17 Page 28 of 53 PageID 32 **Operative Note** BaylorScott&White Inpatient Patient Name MRN # / Visit # DOB Sex HARRISON, DAVIE 10263965/61630500 11/16/1953 61y М Discharge Location Admit Date/Time Discharge Date/Time Authored Date/Time Attending Physician BUMC-8R-0826-A 06/11/2015 09:38 06/26/2015 14:00 08/10/2015 13:25 CHANG, SARAH ANNE very Very Emportant
Re: Your throat problems !

and continuous respiratory

problems !! Anesthesia Type Sedation **Estimated Blood Loss** Minimal Specimen(s) None Drains None Complications None **Operative Summary**

The risks, benefits, alternatives, potential complications, and the procedures themselves were explained to the family, as the patient is intubated and sedated and unable to participate in the informed consent process. The risks include, but are not limited to: bleeding, infection, acute and chronic pain, scar tissue formation, subglottic stenosis, damage to structures of the neck and / or respiratory tract including the mouth, pharynx, larynx, tracheobronchial tree, esophagus, muscles, nerves, and blood vessels of the neck, heart attack, stroke, worsening respiratory failure, emergency airway loss, and death. They verbalized understanding and desire to undergo the procedures and gave informed consent.

The procedures took place at the patient's bedside in the intensive care unit with continuous telemetry, pulse-oximetry, mechanical ventilation, and blood pressure monitoring. The patient was given deep sedation anesthesia consisting of fentanyl, midazolam, and rocuronium.

Time out performed.

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MRN 10263965	Operative Note SC60289

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BaylorScott8	White	Operative Note			Visit Type Inpatient			
Patient Name		N	//RN#/Visit	#	DOB	Age		Sex
HARRISON, DAVIE		1	10263965/6	61630500	11/16/1953	61y		M
Discharge Location	Admit D	ate/Time		Discharge Date/Time	Authored Date/Time	Attending	Physician	
BUMC-8R-0826-A	06/11/	/2015 09:38		08/10/2015 13:25	07/10/2015 13:22	CHANG,	SARAH ANN	١E

Assistant(s)

Jon Harris, MD

Anesthesia Type

Sedation

Estimated Blood Loss

None

Specimen(s)

None

Drains

None

Complications

None

Operative Summary

The risks, benefits, alternatives, potential complications, and the procedures themselves were explained to the patient's family, as the patient is intubated and sedated and unable to participate in the informed consent process. The risks include, but are not limited to: bleeding, infection, acute and chronic pain, scar tissue formation, damage to esophagus/stomach/duodenum, need for further procedures, heart attack, stroke, and death. The patient's family verbalized understanding and desire to undergo the procedures and gave informed consent.

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Visit 61630500	Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas	
MRN 10263965	Operative Note SC60289	

EXHIBIT-D

THIS EXHIBIT REVEAL THAT DEFENDANT(S) DR.RONALD HARDIN, DR.MICHAEL FOREMAN, DR.SEAN ARREDONDO WHOM HAD A MEDICAL PERMIT EXPIRED DOING THE TIME HE WAS PERFORMING SURGERY WITHOUT MEDICAL AUTHORIZATION.

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BaylorScott8	&White	Ope	rative No	ote			Visit Type Inpatient	
Patient Name	****		MRN # / Visit	t#	DOB	Age		Sex
HARRISON, DAVIE			10263965/	61630500	11/16/1953	61y		M
Discharge Location	Admit (Date/Time	?	Discharge Date/Time	Authored Date/Time	Attending	Physician	
BUMC-8R-0826-A	06/11	/2015 09:38		08/10/2015 13:25	06/26/2015 14:00	CHANG, S	SARAH ANI	١E

ARREDONDO, SEAN: Surgery

Very Important b!

Date of Operation

06/26/2015

Indication(s)

Respiratory failure

Procedure(s) Performed

Percutaneous tracheostomy tube placement

Findings

Uneventful placement of tracheostomy tube placement.

Surgeon

Ronald Hardin, MD

Co Surgeon

Michael Foreman, MD (bronchoscopist)

Assistant(s)

Sean Arredondo, MD

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P	
Visit 61630500	Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas
MRN 10263965	Operative Note SC60289

EXHIBIT-E

THIS MEDICAL DOCUMENT REVEAL DEFENDANT DR.PAUL EDWARD GRAY JR. PARTICIPATION IN THE SURGERY THAT WAS NOT ADEQUATELY AUTHORIZED.

Case 3:17-cv-02082-D-BF Document 3 Filed 08/07/17 Page 33 of 53 PageID 37

	BaylorScott&White Patient Name		Oper	ative Note			Visit Type Inpatient		
Г				MRN # / Visit # DOB Age		Age		Sex	
			10263965/61630		51630500	11/16/1953	61y		М
	Discharge Location	scharge Location Admit Date/Time			Discharge Date/Time	Authored Date/Time	Attending	Attending Physician CHANG, SARAH ANNE	
	BUMC-8R-0826-A	06/11/2	06/11/2015 09:38		08/10/2015 13:25	07/10/2015 13:22	CHANG, S		

The procedures took place at the patient's bedside in the intensive care unit with continuous telemetry, pulseoximetry, mechanical ventilation, and blood pressure monitoring. The patient was given deep sedation anesthesia consisting of fentanyl, midazolam, and rocuronium. See ICU record for further details.

Time out was performed.

The flexible fiberoptic endoscope was introduced by mouth and passed under direct vision into the esophagus. The stomach was identified and insufflated with air. After full insufflation transillumination was carried out and a point was selected on the anterior surface by Dr. Foreman.

The duodenum was cannulated.

Entry into the stomach was identified with the finder and then the placement needle for the PEG kit. The guidewire was grasped and brought back with the scope through the mouth. The gastrostomy tube was fed back antegrade over the wire and the bumper was then followed with the EGD scope back into the stomach. Positioning of the PEG tube was confirmed. No significant bleeding was noted.

Notable findings at the time of EGD include normal esophagus, normal stomach, several small, benign-appearing hyperplastic polyps in duodenal bulb. Recommend follow up for repeat endoscopy to follow polyps, after current medical conditions improve.

The scope was carefully withdrawn after aspirating collapsing the stomach. Patient remains in the intensive care unit under appropriate monitoring.

Post Operative Plan

See PEG report

Electronic Signatures:

GRAY JR, PAUL EDWARD (MD) (Signed 07-10-2015 13:25)

Author: Operative Note

Last Updated: 07-10-2015 13:25 by GRAY JR, PAUL EDWARD (MD)

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Visit 61630500	Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas
MRN 10263965	Operative Note SC60289

EXHIBIT-F

THIS MEDICAL DOCUMENT REVEALS DEFENDANT(S) DR.SEAN ARREDONDO, AND DR.RONALD DAVID HARDIN JR. OPERATIVE NOTES CONCERNING THE TRACH PROCEDURE.

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BaylorScott&White		Operative	Vote			Visit Type Inpatient	
Patient Name	Patient Name		Visit #	DOB	Age	Sex	
HARRISON, DAVIE		102639	65/61630500	11/16/1953	61y	M	
Discharge Location Admit Date/Time		Date/Time	Discharge Date/Time	Authored Date/Time	Attending P	hysician	
BUMC-8R-0826-A	06/11/	/2015 09:38	08/10/2015 13:25	06/26/2015 14:00	CHANG, SA	ARAH ANNE	

First, a complete bronchoscopy was performed by Dr. Foreman. Please see separate report for details.

The anterior neck was then prepped and draped. The skin and soft tissues anterior to the trachea were infiltrated with 10 mL of 1% lidocaine with epinephrine. A scalpel was used to make a small transverse midline anterior cervical incision midway between the cricoid cartilage and the sternal notch. Blunt dissection was used to dissect to the level of the trachea. The endotracheal tube was then withdrawn in stepwise fashion using the bronchoscope light for guidance until the bronchoscope light was clearly visualized through the surgical opening. A needle with introducer sheath was then passed through the surgical opening and into the anterior trachea as visualized internally with the bronchoscope. A guidewire was then passed through the introducer sheath and down the distal trachea as visualized internally with the bronchoscope. The introducer sheath was then removed. Serial dilations were performed over the guidewire using the dilators in the kit, and then a 8 mm internal diameter cuffed silastic Bivona tracheostomy was passed over the dilator and guidewire into good intraluminal position within the trachea as seen internally with the bronchoscope. The guidewire and dilator were then removed. The bronchoscope was then passed through the tracheostomy and the carina was visualized. The bronchoscope was then removed. The tracheostomy balloon cuff was then insufflated with sterile water until appropriately full, and the patient was ventilated through the tracheostomy with good return of tidal volume. The tracheostomy was then anchored to the skin bilaterally with 3-0 nylon sutures, and a soft tracheostomy collar was placed. The bronchoscope was passed again through the endotracheal tube, and the tracheostomy site was visualized and there was no internal bleeding. The bronchoscope and endotracheal tube were then removed.

The patient tolerated the procedures well. There were no immediate complications.

Post Operative Plan

Respiratory care per critical care team

Electronic Signatures:

ARREDONDO, SEAN (MD, Resident) (Signed 06-26-2015 14:02)

Authored: Operative Note

HARDIN JR, RONALD DAVID (MD) (Signed 06-26-2015 16:43)

Co-Signer: Operative Note

Last Updated: 06-26-2015 16:43 by HARDIN JR, RONALD DAVID (MD)

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BaylorScott&Whit	e Attes	Attestation - Consult					Visit Type Inpatient	
Patient Name		MRN # / Visit # DOB		DOB	Age	Age Sex		
HARRISON, DAVIE		10263965/	61630500	11/16/1953	61y		M	
Discharge Location Admit Date/Time			Discharge Date/Time	Authored Date/Time	Attending	Physician		
BUMC-8R-0826-A 06	06/11/2015 09:38		08/10/2015 13:25	07/09/2015 18:45	CHANG,	SARAH ANN	IE	

FOREMAN, MICHAEL LYNN: Surgery

Important,

Attestation:

Patient seen and examined. Dr Kastners note reviewed and confirmed. Examination and plan as detailed in the resident note except as noted.

This note was dictated using voice recognition. While proofed, it remains subject to errors and omissions.

It is important to note! Consistent documentation of multiple summary:

Medical problems shows he need specialty medical care prior to hospitalization, but received none since Tristar!

Patient with multiple medical problems. Underwent tracheostomy several days ago. Now with persistent

dysphagia. PEG tube is been requested.

On examination, there is no obvious surgical contraindication to attempting. Patient's abdomen is quite obese with a thick pannus. It would not be surprising if we are unable to transilluminate as a result of this. Tentatively planned for PEG attempt tomorrow.

Electronic Signatures:

FOREMAN, MICHAEL LYNN (MD) (Signed 07-09-2015 18:48)

Author: Attestation - Consult

Last Updated: 07-09-2015 18:48 by FOREMAN, MICHAEL LYNN (MD)

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Visit 61630500	Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas
MRN 10263965	Attestation - Consult SC60280

EXHIBIT-G

THIS MEDICAL DOCUMENT SHOWS THE DISCHARGE SUMMARY SHOWING THE REASON FOR THE TRACHEOSTOMY PLACEMENT ON 6/26/15 DUE TO PLAINTIFF BODY HABITUS.

Case 3:17-cv-02082-D-BF Document 3 Filed 08/07/17 Page 38 of 53 of Page ID 1425 of Phoses

	Boylor Scott SAV	hita Disc	Discharge Summary					Visit Type	
-	BaylorScott&W	inte - io							
	Patient Name		MRN # / Visi	t #	DOB	Age	Age		
	HARRISON, DAVIE		10263965/	61630500	11/16/1953	61y		М	
	Discharge Location Admit Date/Time		ne	Discharge Date/Time	Authored Date/Time	Attending	Physician		
	BUMC-8R-0826-A 06/11/2015 09		9:38	08/10/2015 13:25	08/05/2015 15:26	CHANG, S	SARAH ANN	IE.	

- 1. Acute respiratory failure: The patient was initially placed on BiPap in the emergency department however, shortly after his arrival to the ICU he required intubation and mechanical ventilation. The patient's respiratory failure was likely the result of volume overload in the setting of acute renal failure in the setting of diastolic heart failure and was complicated by his encephalopathy and inability to protect his airway. Due to his encephalopathy he did self extubate at one point however was unable to maintain his respiratory status without ventilatory support. He subsequently underwent tracheostomy placement on 6/26/15 by the General Surgery service followed by PEG placement on 7/10/15. It was recommended by the Pulmonary Service that the patient keep his trach due to his body habitus. He was saturating on room air at the time of his transfer to Downtown Health and Rehab.
- 2. <u>Acute renal failure:</u> The patient was initially transferred from his prior NH with renal failure and hyperkalemia. It was presumed that the patient had a normal Cr previously as he has been on Metformin for his diabetes. His creatinine did peak at 6.8 and improved to 1.4 at the time of discharge which was felt to be his baseline. Nephrology followed the patient throughout his hospitalization. Initially there was concern that the patient's renal failure was due to obstructive uropathy however he did not demonstrate dilation of the upper track of his urinary system and the timing of his recovery was inconsistent with obstructive uropathy. The patient did not require dialysis during his hospitalization. The etiology of the patient's renal failure remained obscure at the time of discharge.
- 3. <u>Encephalopathy:</u> The patient did present with severe encephalopathy that complicated his respiratory failure. MRI imaging as well as EEG were unremarkable for etiology. It is suspected that his encephalopathy was likely metabolic in etiology. His mental status had returned to baseline at the time of discharge. He was oriented x 3 at the time of discharge.
- 4. <u>Accelerated hypertension</u>: The patient demonstrated difficult to control blood pressure and required multiple medications and titration for control. There was concern for poor absorption as the patient's blood pressure control improved with addition of a Clonidine patch.
- 5. <u>Uncontrolled Type 2 Diabetes:</u> The patient has been on Januvia and Metformin as an outpatient for management of his diabetes. Though his HgbA1C was 7.8% he remained significant hyperglycemic and required large dose of insulin for control. He has been discharged to rehab with insulin.
- 6. <u>C diff diarrhea:</u> The patient did have 2 episodes of C diff diarrhea while hospitalized. He will complete a course of oral Vancomycin on discharge.
- 7. <u>Hand pain:</u> There was concern for possible ligamentous injury as the etiology of the patient's reported hand pain. Dr. Lemon reviewed the imaging and examined the patient and felt it was most consistent with gout and recommended wrist splints and the patient had symptomatic improvement.

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Visit 61630500 MRN 10263965	Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas Discharge Summary SC60306	

EXHIBIT-H

THIS IS THE THE DEMAND LETTER THAT WAS SENT BY THE PLAINTIFF TO THE DEFENDANT(S), RESPONSE LETTER TO THE DEMAND LETTER, BY THE DEFENDANT(S).

JUNE 1, 2017

TO:

BAYLOR UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER (AT DALLAS)

3500 GASTON AVE., DALLAS, TEXAS 75246

C/O:

CT CORPORATION SYSTEM, 1999 BRYAN ST., STE. 900,

DALLAS COUNTY, DALLAS, TEXAS 75201-3136

FROM:

MR. DAVIE HARRISON, CLAIMANT/INJURED VICTIM

RE:

ADMIT DATE: 6/11/15, ENTERPRISE PATIENT ID: 1005622542

ACCT:

61630500

DEMAND/INTENT TO SUE LETTER

EACH OF THE FOLLOWING PERSONS, PERSON, ENTITY OR ENTITIES, COMPANIES, CORPORATION(S) OR LEGALLY AND/OR CONTRACTED AFFILIATE(S), NAMED & UNNAMED, KNOWN & UNKNOWN THAT WERE INVOLVED IN THE ABOVE-REFERENCED CLAIM WILLFULLY, AND/OR ARBITRARILY COMMITTED THESE ACTS AND/OR OMISSIONS CAUSING PAIN & SUFFERING AND MENTAL ANGUISH DUE TO BUT NOT LIMITED TO, SERIOUS LOSS OF QUALITY OF LIFE WITH DAMAGE TO FUTURE HEALTH, WELLNESS AND LIFE EXPECTANCY. THESE ADVERSE ACTIONS AND OR RESULTS WERE CAUSED BY DOCTORS AND MEDICAL STAFF ACTING UNDER THE COLOR OF STATE LAW, WHICH VIOLATED SEVERAL PROVISION(S) OF THE TEXAS HEALTH & SAFETY CODE, AND CHAPTER 74 OF THE TEXAS CIVIL PRACTICE REMEDIES CODES - STATE. CLAIMANT ALSO ALLEGES "DELIBERATE INDIFFERENCE" TO MEDICAL NEED WAS VIOLATED AS PROVIDED FOR AND DESCRIBED IN THE AMERICAN WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA), WHICH ALSO CONSTITUTES "CRUEL AND UNUSUAL PUNISHMENT" TO CLAIMANT, AS GOVERNED BY THE EIGHTH AMENDMENT OF THE U.S. CONSTUTION.

- 1. LET THE RECORD RELECT: THAT THERE WAS GOOD SERVICE, AND THERE WAS BAD SERVICE WITH NEGLIBILE AND/OR PROCEDURAL TREATMENT THAT CAUSED CLAIMANT TO SUFFER SEVERE LIFE-THREATING HARM, AND MORE DISABILITIES. THERE ARE TWO (2) PRIMARY INJURIES REGARDING THIS DEMAND/INTENT TO SUE LETTER.
- 2. ON 6/26/15, SURGICAL PROCEDURE(S) WAS/WERE PERFORMED, A PERCUTANEOUS TRACHEOSTOMY TUBE PLACEMENT. MY MEDICAL RECORDS, DATED 7/10/15, REVEAL THERE WERE "NO" COMPLICATIONS, AND, MEDICAL RECORDS DATED 6/26/15 REVEAL(S) FINDINGS "UNEVENTFUL PLACEMENT OF TRACHEOSTOMY TUBE PLACEMENT". THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN WAS

CHANG, SARAH ANNE,; ASSISTANT(S) WERE SEAN ARREDONDO, MD., JON HARRIS, MD., GRAY JR., AND PAUL EDWARD, MD.

THE OPERATIVE NOTE DATED 7/10/15, STATES THAT THERE WERE "NO" COMPLICATIONS. IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO NOTE: THAT THE OPERATIVE SUMMARY STATES; THE RISK, BENEFITS, ALTERNATIVES, POTENTIAL COMPLICATIONS, AND THE PROCEDURES THEMSELVES WERE EXPLAINED TO THE PATIENT'S FAMILY.

FIRST, THE HOSPITAL STAFF DID NOT EXPLAIN THE SERIOUS CONSEQUENCES OF A TRACHEOSTOMY PROCEDURE. IN FACT, CLAIMANT'S FAMILY MEMBER WAS "VERY" RELUCTANT ABOUT THIS SURGERY, AND ASKED THE MEDICAL STAFF WOULD THIS CAUSE CLAIMANT NOT TO BE ABLE TO SING, TALK PROPERLY OR HAVE ANY OTHER THROAT/PHARNYX PROBLEMS, (INCLUDING HAVING TO USE A VOICE BOX, DUE TO HER EXTREME CONCERN & CLAIMANT'S LIFE-LONG PROFESSION OF BEING A MUSICIAN, SINGER & PERFORMER ALL OVER THE COUNTRY MAINLY IN THE GOSPEL ARENA SINCE BEING A TEENAGER). THE FAMILY MEMBER WAS TOLD THERE WOULD BE NO PROBLEMS, THAT IT WOULD CLOSE UP, HEAL AND NOT AFFECT HIS VOICE, VOCAL CHORDS OR SINGING ABILITIES (ALTHOUH THIS PROCEDURE "TRULY" HAS RUINED CLAIMANT'S SPEAKING, SINGING AND PERFORMING ABILITIES (THAT HAVE BEEN WELL KNOWN BY MANY WITNESSES) THUS FAR, PERHAPS FOREVER, AND IT'S VERY UNCOMFORTABLE, PAINFUL, AND PRODUCES DAILY ANXIETY & PAIN, INCLUDING DIFFICULTY IN COMMUNICATION VERBALLY WITH OTHERS). NO OTHER RISKS OR POTENTIAL COMPLICATIONS WERE EXPLAINED TO FAMILY ABOUT THIS PROCEDURE, AND HOW THEY MAY AFFECT THE CLAIMANT.

3. SECONDLY, WHEN THE HOSPITAL STAFF REQUESTED PERMISSION TO DO THIS PROCEDURE, CLAIMANT'S FAMILY DID NOT GIVE CONSENT RIGHT AWAY DUE TO THE ABOVE LISTED FEARS AND SINCE THE PHYSICIAN EXPLAINED THE PROCEDURE WAS JUST FOR THE STAFF'S "CONVENIENCE" WHEN DEALING WITH THE BREATHING SUPPORT PROCEDURES, ALTHOUGH THE CLAIMANT WAS BREATHING ON HIS OWN EVEN WITH SUPPORT. THE MEDICAL STAFF(S) DECISION TO DO THIS PROCEDURE PLACED CLAIMANT'S LIFE AND SAFETY AT RISK OF HARM AND/OR DEATH. CLAIMANT SUFFERS FROM THE MAJOR COMPLICATIONS MENTIONED IN THE REVIEW STUDY OF DR. DIVATIA J. V., AND DR. BHOWMICK K. AFTER INTUBATION, CLAIMANT SUFFERS FROM SORE THROAT, LAYNGEAL OEDEMA, CHRONIC HOARSENESS, NERVE INJURY, VOCAL CORD PARALYSIS AND ASPIRATION. CLAIMANT SUFFERS FROM GRANULOMA OF THE VOCAL CORDS. SINCE CLAIMANT WAS DISCHARGED FROM BAYLOR UNIVERSITY MEDICAL HOSPITAL AT DALLAS ON 8/10/15, HE HAS BEEN HOSPITALIZED WITH PNEUMONIA 6 TO 7 TIMES TO DATE. [RESTATED] THIS PROCEDURE (REGARDING THE TRACHEOSTOMY) WAS CONVENIENT FOR THE STAFF AND/OR THE HOSPITAL, BUT THE RISK WAS MUCH TOO HIGH FOR THE CLAIMANT'S LIFE AND HIS FUTURE HEALTH.

- 4. THE TRACHEOSTOMY PROCEDURE WAS NOT A LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT. THE PRINCIPAL ATTENDING PHYSICIAN AND/OR PROVIDERS ARE SUBJECT TO CIVIL OR CRIMINAL LIABILITY AND/OR DISCIPLINARY ACTION(S), WHERE THEIR ACT(S) AND/OR OMMISSION(S) WERE NOT PERFORMED IN GOOD FAITH UNDER THE DIRECTION OF AN AGENT WHO HAD A "[MEDICAL POWER OF ATTORNEY"].
- 5. THE CLAIMANT'S FAMILY MEMBER WAS NOT AN AGENT WITH AUTHORITY TO MAKE HEALTHCARE DECISION(S) THAT WAS/WERE DELEGATED UNDER A MEDICAL POWER OF ATTORNEY; SEE § 166.151(2) TEXAS HEALTH & SAFETY CODE. IT IS TO BE NOTED ALSO THAT THE DOCTOR(S) FAILED TO PLACE IN CLAIMANT'S MEDICAL RECORDS THT CLAIMANT WAS INCOMPETENT.

INJURY TWO (2) HAND INJURY

- 6. AFTER CLAIMANT CAME FROM UNDER "CONSISTENT HEAVY SEDATION AND CLAIMANT WAS MOVED FROM THE INTENSIVE CARE UNIT TO A PRIVATE ROOM, CLAIMANT WAS EXPERIENCING "UNBEARABLE PAIN" IN HIS HANDS, WHICH HE CONTINUED TO SIGNAL AND REPORT TO ATTENDING NURSES, AIDES AND FAMILY MEMBERS. THERE WAS MORE PAIN IN CLAIMANT'S RIGHT HAND THAN THE LEFT HAND. CLAIMANT HAD ON SOME TYPE OF HOSPITAL MITTENS (THAT WERE TOO TIGHT AND SMALL EVEN FOR A FEMALE FAMILY MEMBER'S HAND AS A "MUCH" SMALLER INDIVIDUAL). CLAIMANT ALSO HAD RESTRAINTS USED IN INTENSIVE CARE.
- 7. THE HOSPITAL MITTENS USED ON CLAIMANT'S HANDS WERE TOO SMALL, AND CLAIMANT'S HAND WERE CURVED INTO THEM "VERY" TIGHTLY. AFTER THE MITTENS WERE TAKEN OFF OF CLAIMANT, HE WAS STILL HAVING "INTENSE" PAIN. THE CLAIMANT CONSITENTLY INFORMED THE MEDICAL STAFF AND HIS FAMILY ABOUT THIS SERIOUS AND PAINFUL MEDICAL MATTER. THE CLAIMANT ALSO ASKED FOR PAIN MANAGEMENT AND THERAPEUTIC ASSISTANCE FOR HIS HAND PROBLEM WITHOUT SUCCESS. AN X-RAY WAS PERFORMED ON 7/31/15.
- 8. THE CLAIMANT'S MEDICAL RECORDS REVEALED, THAT "[NO']" SYSTEMIC ARTHRITIS WAS SEEN. THE REPORT FROM THE RADIOLOGIST, SMERUD, MICHAEL JOHN, MD. STATES: BOTH RIGHT AND LEFT WRIST JOINTS SHOW SLIGHT WIDENING BETWEEN THE NAVICULAR AND THE LUNATE. THIS CAN BE ASSOCIATED WITH LIGAMENTOUS LAXITY OR INJURY. THE SAID DOCTOR'S IMPRESSION: FINDINGS SUGGESTIVE OF SCAPHOLUNATE DISSOCIATION BILATERALLY, OR LIGAMENTOUS INJURY OF THE WRIST.
- 9. ON 8/9/15, CLAIMANT CONSULTED WITH <u>LEMMON, JOSHUA ALEXIS</u>
 <u>MD.</u> THIS DOCTOR TRIED TO TURN THE HAND PAIN (WITH FAMILY PRESENT) AS DUE TO A (CHRONIC GOUT ATTACK). THIS DOCTOR GAVE FALSE INFORMATION,

STATING THAT OVER THE ENSUING FEW DAYS, THE HAND PAIN RELENTED, WHICH IT ABSOLUTELY DID <u>AND HAS NOT</u>. LET THE RECORD REFLECT: THE CLAIMANT HAS NEVER SUFFERED WITH GOUT IN THE HAND/WRIST OR FINGER AREAS, NOR HAD ANY TYPE OF HAND INJURY. AS A MATTER OF FACT, THE CLAIMANT HAS BEEN A WELL-KNOWN MUSICIAN SINCE CHILDHOOD, AND HAS USED HIS HANDS WITHOUT PAIN OR ISSUE TO THE DAY HE WAS HOSPITALIZED AT BAYLOR ON 6/11/15 (WITH MANY WITNESSES, FAMILY AND NON-FAMILY TO THAT EFFECT). HE WAS ACTUALLY PLAYING HIS INSTRUMENT "QUITE WELL" AND NORMALLY, AS WELL AS SINGING ALONG VERY TALENTLY, WITH FAMILY VISITORS AT HIS ASSIGNED NURSING/REHAB FACILITY, AT THE BEGINNING OF THE WEEK BEFORE HE BECAME DEATHLY ILL, THEN TRANSPORTED TO BAYLOR UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL WITH SERIOUSLY ELEVATED POTASSIUM LEVELS.

- 10. THIS SAID DOCTOR (LEMMON, J. A. MD.) STATED IN HIS NOTES, THAT HE WAS CONSULTED TO ASSESS AND TO COMMENT ON WHETHER THIS MAY REPRESENT AN (ACUTE INJURY). DR. LEMMON'S REPORT ALSO STATED: TEMPORARILY, THIS WAS THOUGHT TO HAVE STARTED FOLLOWING A PERIOD OF TIME WHEN THE PATIENT HAD BILATERAL UPPER EXTREMITY RESTRAINTS.
- 11. IT'S APPARENT THAT CLAIMANT'S INJURIES TO HIS HANDS WERE FROM THE RESTRAINTS HE WAS PLACED IN BY THE HOSPITAL STAFF (INCLUDING THE VERY SMALL TIGHT MITTENS). CLAIMANT'S URIC ACID LEVEL MIGHT HAVE BEEN HIGH DUE TO THE RENAL INEFFICIENCY, BUT IT DID NOT CAUSE THE INJURY TO CLAIMANT'S HANDS OR ANY GOUT ATTACK. CLAIMANT'S DIET RIGHT AT 2 MONTHS OF BEING HOSPITALIZED, MOSTLY IN INTENSIVE CARE, SEDATED AND ONLY ON LIFE-SUSTAINING NUTRITION FLUID, WAS NOT CONDUSIVE TO SUCH INACCURATE AND/OR INCOMPETENT FINDINGS OR EXCUSES.
- 12. THE HOSPITAL IS LIABLE FOR THE INJURY CLAIMANT SUSTAINED WHEN HE WAS PLACED IN RESTRAINTS. IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO NOTE: THAT WHEN THE CLAIMANT REQUESTED FOR A SECOND OPINION REGARDING HIS HAND PAIN AND APPARENT INJURY, THE MEDICAL STAFF BECAME VERY ANGRY (AS OVERLY WITNESSED BY FAMILY), AND HAD CLAIMANT 'PREMATURELY DISCHARGED' FROM THE HOSPITAL (WHILE FAMILY WORKED TIRELESSLY WITH STAFF TO PROVIDE HIM MORE CARE, NECESSARY TESTING AND TREATMENT, ESP. FOR HIS HANDS), THEN SENT INVOLUNTARILY AND WITHOUT FAMILY INPUT (WHO WAS WORKING WITH THE SOCIAL WORKER TO LOCATE A SUITABLE FACILITY OF 'CHOICE' & LOCALE FOR CONTINUED FAMILY SUPPORT), TO DOWNTOWN HEALTH (A NURSING HOME) & REHAB IN FT. WORTH, TEXAS.
- 13. AFTER CLAIMANT WAS ASSIGNED TO THIS NURSING FACILITY, CLAIMANT WAS ASSIGNED AN OCCUPATIONAL THERAPIST WHOM TRIED TO WORK WITH CLAIMANT'S HANDS. THE PAIN WAS DIFFICULT TO BEAR AND

CONTINUOUS. LET THE RECORD REFLECT: THAT THIS MATTER WAS SO TERRIBLE AND HARMFUL BECAUSE CLAIMANT WAS ALREADY A ONE (1) LEGGED AMPUTEE, AND WITH THE HAND INJURIES, CLAIMANT COULD NOT PUSH HIS WHEELCHAIR (AS HE ALWAYS COULD). THEREBY, THE OCCUPATIONAL THERAPIST PUT IN A REQUEST FOR A POWER WHEELCHAIR, AFTER TRYING SEVERAL WEEKS OF PAINFUL THERAPY. THE POWER WHEELCHAIR WAS APPROVED AND THE COST FOR THE CHAIR WAS \$23,000.

- 14. ON 6/28/17, THE CLAIMANT WAS SEEN BY A HAND SPECIALIST AND HAD AN MRI PERFORMED ON HIS RIGHT HAND, AND THE MRI REVEALED A 'TEAR' THAT REQUIRED SURGERY. THE CLAIMANT'S PRIMARY DOCTOR IS RELUCTANT IN CLAIMANT GETTING THIS SURGERY, DUE TO UPPER-RESPIRATORY PROBLEMS CONTINUOUSLY SUFFERED BY THE CLAIMANT FROM THE TRACHEOSTOMY.
- 15. ON A PERSONAL NOTE: THE CLAIMANT CONTENDS THAT HE HAS CONTINUED TO SUFFER FROM THE HARM THIS HOSPITAL HAS CAUSED MAINLY HIM, CLAIMANT'S CHILDREN, AND HIS GRAND-CHILDREN. THIS OVERALL HARM HAS COST THE CLAIMANT EVEN THE FORMER INDEPENDENCE AND/OR QUALITY OF LIFE HE HAD 'PRIOR' TO THESE PROBLEMS CAUSED BY BAYLOR UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL & STAFF INVOVLED. IT'S "VERY" CLEAR, THAT THESE DOCTORS AND HOSPITAL STAFF FAILED TO EXERCISE DUE CARE IN THE PROVISION OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES IN ACCORDANCE TO § 166.153 TEXAS HEALTH & SAFETY CODE.
- 16. IT IS A REASONABLE DEDUCTION: THAT THE INDIVIDUAL AND COMBINED ACTIONS OF ALL INVOLVED AND AFFILIATED IN THE ABOVE-REFERENCED CLAIM, CAUSED INJURIOUS, CONTINUOUS FUTURE DAMAGES AND HARM TO THE CLAIMANT, DAVIE HARRISON. THIS HARM INCLUDES BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, DELIBERATE INDIFFERENCE TO HIS VERY SERIOUS MEDICAL NEEDS (AND NO-FAULT) INJURIES, AND VIOLATIONS OF SEVERAL OF HIS STATE AND FEDERAL CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS. FURTHERMORE, CLAIMANT IS ENTITLED TO LOST WAGES AND FUTURE EARNING CAPABILITIES AND/OR LIMITATIONS.
- 17. FOR A FAIR RESOLVE OF MATTERS "OUTSIDE OF THE COURT SYSTEM" A <u>DEMAND AMOUNT OF \$2.5 MILLION U.S. DOLLARS.</u>, WITH MEDICAL LIABILITY FOR TREATMENT D.
- 18. THIS DEMAND LETTER IS PURSUANT TO THE STOWER'S DUTY/DOCTRINE. IN THE EVENT OF ANY OUT OF COURT SETTLEMENT, THE CLAIMANT WILL FULLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY RELEASE THE INSURED FROM ANY FURTHER LIABILITY. DUE TO THE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS, THE CLAIMANT GIVES 8 WORKING DAYS FOR AN ANSWER, AND IF THIS REQUEST IS DENIED, THE CASE WILL BE FILED IN FEDERAL COURT BY 8/9/15.

SINCERELY,

PO BOX 821061

Javie Jamison

Case 3:17-cv-02082-D-BF Document 3 Filed 08/07/17 Page 45 of 53 PageID 49

NRH, TX 76182 (817) 489-4836 (214) 489-9528

DAVIE HARRISON – RE: BAYLOR ACCT. NO. 61630500/ ADMISSION – ABOUT 6/11/15.

cc: TEXAS BOARD MEDICAL EXAMINERS TEXAS BOARD OF NURSING

AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT

<u>OF</u>

CLAIMANT'S DEMAND/INTENT TO SUE LETTER

I, Florence Hill, am over the age of eighteen years old and a resident of Tarrant County, Texas since 2006. This Affidavit is in support of this Demand/Intent to Sue Letter and is attached to and made a part of this document by reference herein.

Respectfully submitted,

	PRINTED NAME: Florence Hill
	SIGNED NAME: Florence Shill
	DATE SIGNED: 7/10/17
NOTARY:	
In the County of Tarrant;	
In the State of Texas.	
NOTARY SIGNATURE & DATE:_	

TEXAS ORDINARY CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT CIVIL PRACTICE & REMEDIES CODE § 121.007

The State of Texas	Before me,
County of TARRANT	·
	TAIME MAKINEL JA, NOTARY RUBUL, Name and Character of Notarizing Officer, e.g., "John Smith, Notary Public"
	on this day personally appeared
	Name of Signer
	□ known to me □ proved to me on the oath of
	Name of Credible Witness
	Proved to me through TEXAS DRIVER'S
	Description of Identity Card or Decument
	to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same for the purposes and consideration therein expressed.
JAIME MARTINEZ JR My Commission Expires March 22, 2019	Given under my hand and seal of office this 10 h day of July , 2017 Day Month Year
Place Notary Seal and/or Stamp Above	Signature of Notarizing Officer
OP7	TIONAL TONAL
Though this section is optional, completing this	s information can deter alteration of the document s form to an unintended document.
Description of Attached Document	
Title or Type of Document: AFFIDAVIT IN SUP	DORT OF CLAIMANT'S DEMAND/INTENTED SI
	Number of Pages:

-Case 3 17-5 v-02082-D-BE - Document 3 - Filed 08/07/17 - Page 46 of 53 - Page ID 52

BAYLORUNIMERSHY WEDIGAL CENHER

PATIENT NAME: Harrison, Davie

MRN / ACCOUNT #: 10263965 / 61630500

DOB / AGE / SEX: 11/16/1953 / 63Y / M

ADMIT DATE: 06/11/2015 03:01 AM

DICTATION DATE/TIME:

PROVIDER: Glatz, Robert

ed disposition summary

Discharge Summary

Baylor University Medical Center

Name:Davie Harrison Emergency Department

Age:61 yrs Sex:Male

DOB:11/16/1953 MRN:10263965

-> Arrival:06/11/2015

03:01

Account#:61630500

Departure Date06/11/2015

Departure Time12:11

Private MD:
Outcome: Admit
Location: *ICU
Condition: Stable

Chief Complaint: Abnormal Lab Results

Diagnosis: Hyperkalemia - Acute, - Acute renal failure, Urinary Retention- Acute, - Morbid obesity, Respiratory Distress- Acute

Prescriptions: Custom Notes:

Attending Physician: Glatz, Robert, MD

Private MD:

Mid Level Provider:

Admit Physician: Chang, Sarah, MD

Orders: ABG (Arterial Blood Gas), CBC (Complete Blood Count), CMP (Comprehensive Metabolic Panel), PT (Prothrombin Time) w/ INR, PTT (Partial Thromboplastin Time), BNP (B Type Natriuretic Peptide), Troponin I, UA (Urinalysis), POC CG8+, Urine Microscopic, Automated, BMP (Basic Metabolic Panel): Repeat at 0700, POC Whole Blood Glucose, POC Whole Blood Glucose, Creatine Kinase, CXR 1 View XRAY Portable, Calcium Gluconate, Insulin Regular Human, D50W, Albuterol, AtroVENT (0.02%), D 10 in Water, Sodium Bicarbonate, CT Brain/Head WITHOUT IV Contrast, Kayexalate, Insulin Regular Human, D50W, POC Whole Blood Glucose, POC Whole Blood Glucose, DuoNeb (Albuterol 2.5 mg, AtroVENT 0.5 mg); Basic Metabolic Panel, ABG (Arterial Blood Gas)/Resp, EKG/Clerk, EKG/Tech, Old EKG, Foley, Bipap/Resp, Resp/Assist 30min-1hr, Resp/Med Neb Continuous, Consult-Dallas Nephrology Associates (Nephrology), Consult-Med Provider (Internal Medicine, Med Provider), Bipap/Resp, DStick Every Hour, Allscripts Orders for Review, Allscripts Orders for Review,

Case 3:17-cv-02082-D-BF Document 3 Filed 08/07/17 Page 49 of 53 PageID 53

BaylorScott &White		Ope	rative No	tive Note			Visit Type Inpatient	
Patient Name			MRN # / Visit # DO		DOB	Age	Age	
HARRISON, DAVIE			10263965/	61630500	11/16/1953	61y		M
Discharge Location Admit Date/Time			2	Discharge Date/Time	Authored Date/Time	Attending	Physician	
BUMC-8R-0826-A	06/11/2015 09:38			08/10/2015 13:25	06/26/2015 14:00	CHANG, S	SARAH ANI	٧E

Anesthesia Type

Sedation

Estimated Blood Loss

Minimal

Specimen(s)

None

Drains

None

Complications

None

Operative Summary

The risks, benefits, alternatives, potential complications, and the procedures themselves were explained to the family, as the patient is intubated and sedated and unable to participate in the informed consent process. The risks include, but are not limited to: bleeding, infection, acute and chronic pain, scar tissue formation, subglottic stenosis, damage to structures of the neck and / or respiratory tract including the mouth, pharynx, larynx, tracheobronchial tree, esophagus, muscles, nerves, and blood vessels of the neck, heart attack, stroke, worsening respiratory failure, emergency airway loss, and death. They verbalized understanding and desire to undergo the procedures and gave informed consent.

The procedures took place at the patient's bedside in the intensive care unit with continuous telemetry, pulseoximetry, mechanical ventilation, and blood pressure monitoring. The patient was given deep sedation anesthesia consisting of fentanyl, midazolam, and rocuronium.

Time out performed.

04/13/2017 08:15 System Generated Page 2 of 3 System Generated

Very Very Important
Re: Your throat problems b
and continuous respiratory
problems !!

Visit 61630500	Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas
MRN 10263965	Operative Note SC60289

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BaylorScott&White		Attes	Attestation - Consult				Visit Type Inpatient	Visit Type Inpatient	
Patient Name			MRN # / Visit #		DOB	Age		Sex	
HARRISON, DAVIE		10263965/61630500		11/16/1953	61y		М		
Discharge Location	Admit	mit Date/Time		Discharge Date/Time	Authored Date/Time	Attending	Attending Physician		
BUMC-8R-0826-A	06/11			08/10/2015 13:25	07/09/2015 18:45	CHANG,	CHANG, SARAH ANNE		

FOREMAN, MICHAEL LYNN: Surgery

Attestation:

Patient seen and examined. Dr Kastners note reviewed and confirmed. Examination and plan as detailed in the resident note except as noted.

This note was dictated using voice recognition. While proofed, it remains subject to errors and omissions.

Summary:

Patient with <u>multiple medical problems</u>. Underwent tracheostomy several days ago. Now with persistent dysphagia. PEG tube is been requested.

On examination, there is no obvious surgical contraindication to attempting. Patient's abdomen is quite obese with a thick pannus. It would not be surprising if we are unable to transilluminate as a result of this. Tentatively planned for PEG attempt tomorrow.

Electronic Signatures:

FOREMAN, MICHAEL LYNN (MD) (Signed 07-09-2015 18:48)

Author: Attestation - Consult

Last Updated: 07-09-2015 18:48 by FOREMAN, MICHAEL LYNN (MD)

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Visit 61630500	Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas
MRN 10263965	Attestation - Consult SC60280



Case 3:17-cv-02082-D-BF Document 3 Filed 08/07/17 Page 51 of 53 PageID 55

BaylorScott&White B		Brief	ef Consult Note					Visit Type Inpatient	
Patient Name			MRN#/Visit#		DOB	Ag	Age		Sex
HARRISON, DAVIE			10263965/	51630500	11/16/1953	63	1y		М
Discharge Location Admit Date/Time		te/Time Discharge Date/Time		Authored Date/Time	At	Attending Physician			
BUMC-8R-0826-A 06/11/2015 09		2015 09:38 08/10/2015 13:25 08/09/2015 16:40 CHANG,		HANG, S	SARAH ANNE				

LEMMON, JOSHUA ALEXIS: Plastic Surgery

Reason for Consult

bilateral wrist

A

Impression/Plan

1. Hand pain

Patient seen and examined. Chart, history, and films reviewed. Briefly, this is a patient with multiple medical problems (including chronic gout) who during this admission suffered sudden onset bilateral wrist pain (right somewhat worse than left). Temporally, this was thought to have started following a period of time when the patient had bilateral upper extremity restraints. The patient reports severe pain at least 8-10/10 and pain with even the slightest touch or motion. Over the ensuing few days, the pain relented. Xrays were obtained and these demonstrated bilateral widened scapholunate intervals. I was consulted to assess and to comment on whether this may represent an acute injury.

Briefly, the history and symptomatology (along with the persistently elevated uric acid level) suggest a gouty attack. Chronic gout is known to be associated with scapholunate dissociation.

I've recommended bilateral wrist splints as needed for symptom improvement. No need for other treatment at this time.

Electronic Signatures:

LEMMON, JOSHUA ALEXIS (MD) (Signed 08-09-2015 16:49)

Author: Brief Consult Note

Last Updated: 08-09-2015 16:49 by LEMMON, JOSHUA ALEXIS (MD)

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	Visit 61630500	Baylor University Medical Center at Dallas
	MRN 10263965	Brief Consult Note SC60199
1		

- Case 3:17-ov-02082-D-BF - Document 3 - Filed 06/07/17 - Page 52 of 53 - PagelD 56

BAYLOR UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER

PATIENT NAME: ACCESSION:

HARRISON, DAVIE

DOB/AGE:11-16-1953/61y SEX:M

4679507

COMPLETED:

07-31-2015 02:06 PM

MRN: 10263965

ORDERING PROVIDER: AGURA, ASHLEY ANNE

ACCOUNT#:61630500

DX HAND MIN BY BI PORT (FINAL)

Three views of the left hand show no fracture or dislocation. The joint spaces are well maintained. Mineralization is normal. No erosions are identified.

(Hand Issue)

Three views of the right hand also appear normal. No fracture is seen. Joint spaces are well maintained. Mineralization is unremarkable. No systemic arthritis is seen.

No hand arthritis as said by a doctor,

Both right and left wrist joints show slight widening between the navicular and the lunate. This can be associated with ligamentous laxity or injury.

Impression: Findings suggestive of scapholunate dissociation bilaterally.

Interpreted by: Smerud, Michael John MD, Radiologist

Responsible Radiologist: Smerud, Michael John, MD, Radiologist

Edited By: 325 Interface

Electronically Signed By: Smerud, Michael J. MD, Radiologist

Date/Time: 07/31/2015 02:13 PM

Hearing fast discharge after consistent Sewere hand pain, multiple requests for appropriate thurapy or surgery - quickly discharged 8/10/15.

HARRISON, DAVIE

Enterprise Patient ID:1005622542 MRN: 10263965/Account#: 61630500 DX HAND MIN 3V BI PORT(FINAL) Radiology Report

PRINTED: 04/13/2017 08:16 AM

Page: 1 of 1



Michele Sheets,
System Director | Assistant General Counsel
4005 Crutcher Street, Suite 300
Dallas, Texas 75246
214.818.0217 Direct Dial
214.820.2384 Facsimile
Michele.Sheets@BSWHealth.org
BaylorScottandWhite.com

July 24, 2017

CMRRR 7013 2250 0001 3338 3377

And

Regular USPS

Mr. Davie Harrison P.O. Box 821061 North Richland Hills, Texas 76182

RE: Letter dated June 1, 2017, regarding your medical treatment at Baylor University Medical Center beginning June 11, 2015

Dear Ms. Harrison:

I am writing to confirm that we have received your letter dated June 1, 2017, directed to Baylor University Medical Center and others regarding your hospital stay. The Risk Management Department at Baylor Scott & White Health will be handling this matter. Please do not have any direct contact with anyone within the Baylor Scott & White Health system who provided care to you, or regarding the care provided to you, other than with my staff or me. Please direct any and all calls, correspondence or other communication or requests relating to this matter to my attention or contact my paralegal, Lianna Roberts at 214-818-7089.

We do want the opportunity to fully review and evaluate this claim and then discuss the claim with you. Consistent with that, and although we expect we will be in contact with you, we do ask that you contact us before you take any further formal action on this matter.

If you have any additional information (e.g., outside medical records, EMS records, pharmacy records, notes, photographs or x-ray films) that you would like for us to review in evaluating this matter, please forward those items to my attention.

I thank you for your attention to and cooperation in these matters.

Sincerely,

BAYLOR SCOTT & WHITE HEALTH

Michele Sheets,

System Director | Assistant General Counsel

MS/llr